

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN UPDATE

PREPARED FOR:

Luzerne County Department of Planning & Zoning 20 N. Pennsylvania Avenue Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania 18711



PREPARED BY:

Michael Baker International, Inc. 1818 Market Street, Suite 3110 Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103



Luzerne County Hazard Mitigation Plan 2020

Hazard Plan Highlights:

- 2020 Plan had major changes from prior plans including more than 300 acquisition/demolition projects since the 2011 Flood.
- New Plan has 191 mitigation actions.
 Majority are flood related.
- Thirty High Priority Projects identified.

Mitigation Project Funding Sources

- FEMA Hazard Mitigation
 Grant Program (HMGP)
- FEMA Flood Mitigation Assistance Program (FMA)
- FEMA Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)

Objectives:

- To prevent future loss of life and property due to natural disasters.
- To provide funding for previously identified mitigation measures that benefit the disaster area.
- To implement State, County, and Municipal Hazard Mitigation Plans.

Program Funding:

- Based on the percentage of funds spent on Public and Individual Assistance for each Presidentially declared disaster
- Federal law requires States and local jurisdictions to have a mitigation plan prior to receipt of HMGP funds
- For States/territories with a FEMA-approved Enhanced Mitigation Plan (PA), up to 20% of the total of Public and Individual Assistance funds authorized for the disaster (up to \$35.333 billion of such assistance) are available

Program Funding:

- FEMA provides 75% match funds to States to fund post-disaster hazard mitigation measures.
- For most disasters, State will provide 25% of total cost.

Eligibility:

- State, County, and Municipal Governments
- Certain private non-profit organizations or institutions that own or operate a private non-profit facility

The Eligible local entity managing the program can receive up to 5% administrative costs (set-aside) to run the project

Eligibility:

 Projects on private property may be eligible for funding under the HMGP only if submitted by a local government entity. (County, City, Township, Borough, etc.).

 Participation in an HMGP project by a private citizen MUST BE VOLUNTARY!

Prerequisites:

- County must have an approved and adopted All Hazard Mitigation Plan.
- Municipality must have participated and adopted the approved county plan.
- • Projects must meet the FEMA, State, and local municipal strategies.
- Requested project funding must have been identified as a mitigation activity in the county plan.
- Project must be cost effective (BCR>1)

Eligible Projects:

- Property Acquisition and Structure Demolition
- Structure Relocation
- •Dry Floodproofing of Historic Residential Structures
- •Dry Floodproofing of Non-residential Structures
- Minor Localized Flood Reduction Projects
- •Structural Retrofitting of Existing Buildings
- •Non-structural Retrofitting of Existing Buildings and Facilities
- Safe Room Construction
- Infrastructure Retrofit
- Structure Elevation
- Soil Stabilization
- Wildfire Mitigation
- Post-disaster Code Enforcement
- •5% Initiative Projects
- Hazard Mitigation Planning (counties)

State Priorities:

- Acquisition/Demolition of damaged, substantially damaged, or destroyed homes
- Small structural projects using FEMA Benefit Cost Analysis (BCA) Software
- Other eligible State Initiative flood mitigation opportunities
- Development of County Hazard Mitigation Plans
- Home elevation projects
- Eligible business mitigation activities, e.g. flood-proofing or other resilient mitigation retrofitting measures

Cost Effectiveness:

- For properties in the 100-year floodplain
- Acquisitions, if cost is \$323,000 or less*
- Elevations, if cost is \$205,000 or less*:
- The project is considered cost-effective and no further Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA) is required.
- •For all other project types or properties that do not meet thresholds above, BCA is required

Acquisition Projects:

- Local government is the applicant, not homeowners.
- Must be voluntary participation.
- Homes are demolished, land is owned by local government and must remain in "open space" use forever.
- PEMA recommends State certified appraisals of pre-flood value for purchase price.
- Some homeowner disaster assistance may be deducted from the final purchase price.

Acquisition Projects:

- All homes must be primary residences
- Owners must be U.S. citizens/legal aliens
- Environmental & Historic Preservation (EHP) Reviews
- Acquisitions may be rental units but tenant relocation costs must be included (Uniform Relocation Act)
- Mineral rights, gas drilling leases for acquisitions
- Federal Duplication of Benefits deductions (IA & NFIP)
- Open space uses, post-acquisition transfer of property
- Payments to owners are exempt from Federal Income Tax
- Only basic elevation costs to minimum level* eligible.
- * Minimum level is 100-year flood level plus 1.5 feet.

FEMA Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)

Program Highlights:

- The program reduces or eliminates the risk of repetitive flood damage to buildings insured under the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP), and within NFIP participating communities
- Is Nationally competitive; offered on an annual application cycle.
- Appropriated annually with \$175 million since 2016.
- IIJA more commonly known as the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law provides
 - \$3.5 billion over 5 years, or \$700 million per year for Fiscal Year 2022- 2026.

FEMA Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)

Eligibility Requirements:

- Subapplicants must participate in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). They cannot be on probation or suspended.
- All structures included in the project subapplications must be insured under the NFIP (before, during, and after the mitigation).
- Mitigation Reconstruction
 - Structures listed in the subapplication must have a National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) policy in effect at the Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) application start date.
 - It must be maintained for the life of the structure regardless of the flood zone.
- Acquisition/Demolition
 - Structures listed in the subapplication must have an NFIP policy in effect at the FMA application start date.
 - It must be maintained until the transfer of property occurs regardless of flood zone.

Available Funding



Note: Allocated funding amounts may be reduced by up to 10 percent due to the funding of state, tribal, and local managment costs.

States to Communities

Additional C&CB Activities

> Project Scoping

Localized Flood Risk Reduction Projects - Up to \$520 million

- Up to \$520 million of Localized Flood Risk Reduction Projects that address community flood risk for the purpose of reducing NFIP flood claim payments.
 - \$50 million activity cap per subapplication.



Eligible projects include, but are not limited to:

- Floodwater storage and diversion.
- Floodplain, wetland, marsh, riverine and coastal restoration and protection.
- Stormwater management.
- Localized flood control projects with co-benefits to other hazards, as well as social and environmental benefits.



Individual Flood Mitigation Projects – at least \$220 million

- At least \$220 million of Individual Flood Mitigation Projects that mitigate the risk of flooding to individual NFIP-insured structures and buildings.
 - No activity cap per subapplication.



Eligible projects include, but are not limited to:

- Acquisition and Structure Demolition/Relocation
- Structure Elevation
- Mitigation Reconstruction (up to \$220,000 federal share)
- Wet Floodproofing of Non-Residential Structures
- Dry Floodproofing of Non-Residential Structures
- Dry Floodproofing of Historic Residential Structures



Fiscal Year 2023 Project and Activity Types



FEMA Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)

Program Priorities:

- Incentivize natural hazard risk reduction activities that mitigate multi-hazard risks to public infrastructure and disadvantaged communities as referenced in EO 14008.
- Incorporate nature-based solutions. This includes those designed to reduce carbon emissions.
- Enhance climate resilience and adaptation.
- Increase funding to applicants that facilitate the adoption and enforcement of the newest editions of building codes.
- BRIC encourages mitigation projects that meet multiple program priorities.

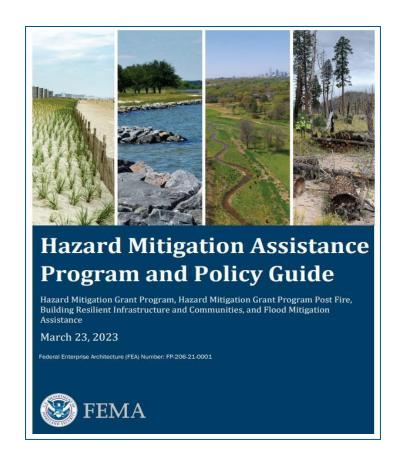
Available Funding

\$1 billion is available for the BRIC program in FY 2023

- State/Territory Allocation: \$112 million (up to \$2 million per applicant).
 - A total of \$1.5 million must be used for Capability and Capacity Building activities per applicant.
 - A minimum of \$400,000 must be used on any combination of Capability and Capacity Building activities and projects primarily benefiting Community Disaster Resilience Zones.
- Building Code Plus-Ups Added
 - State/Territory Building Code Plus-Up: \$112 million (up to \$2 million per applicant).
 - Tribal Building Code Plus-Up: \$25 million
- Tribal Set-Aside: \$50 million
 - The combined cost of the applicant's Capacity and Capability Building (C&CB) activities under the Tribal Set-Aside must not exceed \$2 million per applicant.
 - Up to \$1 million may be used for hazard mitigation planning and planning-related activities per applicant.
- National Competition for Hazard Mitigation Projects: \$701 million (\$50 million per subapplication)

Eligible Activities

View Eligible Activities:



Projects Must:

- Be cost-effective.
- Reduce/eliminate risk and damage from future natural disasters.
- Meet the latest consensus codes (i.e., 2018 or 2021 international building code).
- Align with the hazard mitigation plan.
- Meet all environmental and historic preservation requirements.



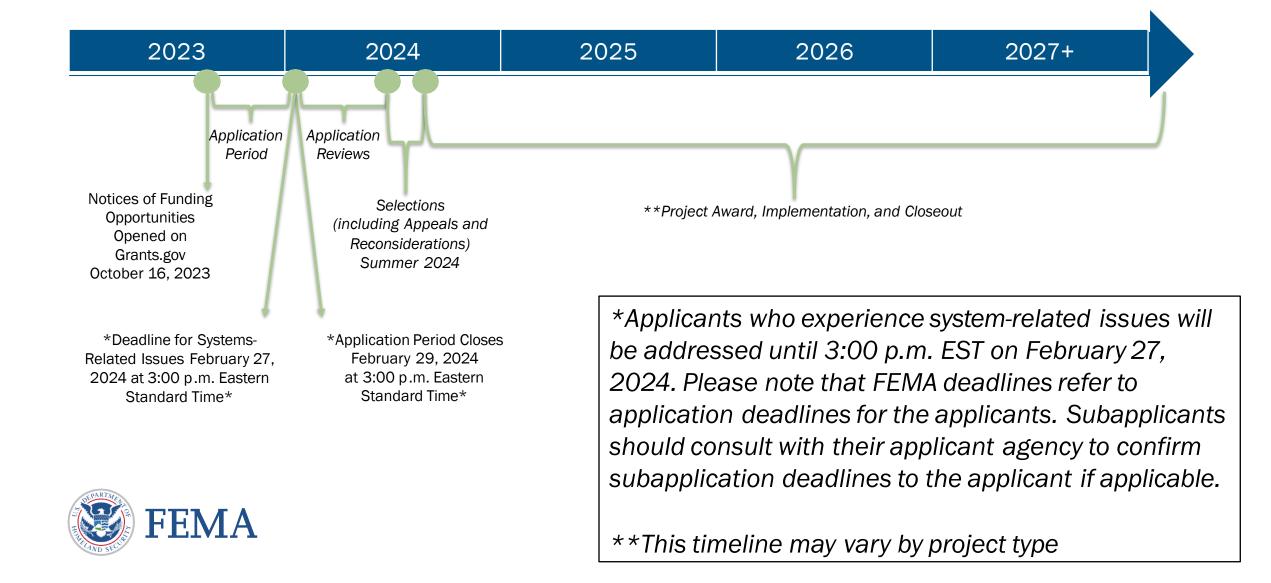
Considerations When Applying to Either Program

- Justice40 Initiative Executive Order (EO) 14008
- Community Disaster Resilience Zones
- Build America, Buy America Act (BABAA)
- Benefit-Cost Analysis (BCA)
- Phased Projects
- Eligible Activities
- Key Program Changes for FMA and BRIC in Fiscal Year 2023

Consider Applying to Both Programs to Maximize Success



Application Cycle and Funding Deadlines



Phased Projects



Who should apply?

- Communities requesting federal funding for developing and evaluating projects without assuming the risk of not being selected.
- This is beneficial for communities that do not have the upfront capital needed to start project development. (Hydrologic and Hydraulic [H&H] studies, Benefit-Cost Analysis [BCA] etc.)

What is the benefit?

- Focuses on breaking down complex projects into manageable phases.
- Allows for the development of all the technical and environmental information, including design, engineering studies and permitting, before issuing a full construction approval.



Program Support Materials

Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)

- FMA Website
- FY 2023 FMA Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)
 - FY 2023 FMA NOFO Fact Sheet
- FMA Resources Program Support Materials
 - FMA Capability & Capacity Building Activities
 - FMA Localized Flood Risk Reduction Project
 - FMA Individual Flood Mitigation Project

BRIC and **FMA**

- BRIC & FMA Benefiting Area Map
- BRIC & FMA Cybersecurity
- BRIC & FMA Cost-Effectiveness and Benefit-Cost Analysis
- Mitigation Action Portfolio
- Submitting Phased Projects for BRIC or FMA Funding

Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)

- BRIC Website
- FY 2023 BRIC Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO)
 - FY 2023 BRIC NOFO Fact Sheet
- BRIC Resources Program Support Materials
 - BRIC Building Codes Activities
 - BRIC Hazard Mitigation Planning Activities
 - BRIC Direct Technical Assistance
 - BRIC Partnership Activities
 - BRIC Project Scoping Activities
 - BRIC Project Subapplicant Tips
 - o BRIC Qualitative Evaluation Criteria
 - BRIC System-Based Mitigation
 - BRIC Technical Evaluation Criteria
 - BRIC Tribal Information

Additional Resources

- Benefit-Cost Analysis Toolkit
- Building Community Resilience with Nature
 Based Solutions: A Guide for Local Communities
- Building Community Resilience With Nature Based Solutions: Strategies for Success
- Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST)
- FEMA GO system
- HMA Cost Share Guide
- Property Elevation and Acquisition Job Aids:
 - Elevation Job Aid

- Acquisition & Demolition Job Aid
- Acquisition & Relocation
- State Floodplain Managers List
- State Hazard Mitigation Officers List
- Substantial Damage determinations:
 - Substantial Improvement/Substantial
 Damage Desk Reference
 - Substantial Damage Estimator Tool
- 2023 Hazard Mitigation Assistance Program and Policy Guide



Helplines

- General questions about the BRIC and FMA programs can be directed to:
 - For Applicants: FEMA Regional Offices at www.fema.gov/about/contact.
 - For Subapplicants: State Hazard Mitigation Officers at www.fema.gov/state-hazard-mitigation-officers.
 - For immediate assistance, you may also contact the HMA Helpline: 1-866-222-3580
- For technical assistance with the FEMA GO system, contact the FEMA GO Helpline:
 - o femago@fema.dhs.gov
 - 1-877-611-4700 (Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM 6:00 PM ET.)
- For questions about cost-effectiveness and FEMA's Benefit-Cost Analysis software, contact the BC Helpline:
 - BCHelpline@fema.dhs.gov
 - 1-855-540-6744
- For questions about the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) or Environmental and Historic Preservation (EHP)
 requirements, contact the EHP Helpline:
 - <u>FEMA-EHPHELPLINE@fema.dhs.gov</u>
 - 0 1-866-222-3580
- For questions about FEMA's Building Science publications, contact: <u>FEMA-BuildingScienceHelp@fema.dhs.gov</u>
- For questions about FEMA's Safe Room publications, contact: <u>Saferoomp@fema.dhs.gov</u>

Mitigation Project Funding Sources

WHERE TO FIND HELP?

- Luzerne County
 - EMA
 - Lucy Morgan, Director
 - (570) 820-4400 or lucy.morgan@luzernecounty.org
 - Planning Commission
 - Matthew C. Jones, AICP, Executive Director
 - (570) 825-1560 or Matthew.Jones@LuzerneCounty.org
- Pennsylvania Emergency Management Agency (PEMA)
 - Tom Hughes, State Hazard Mitigation Officer
 - (717) 651-2726 or thughes@pa.gov

Mitigation Project Funding Sources

